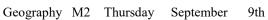


## Village Settlers

## The origins of place names





When settlers came to Britain, they built villages and towns and gave them names. Find places with the endings below in them.

-stead	<u>stead</u>	-ton
	means place  -ton means farm	
ing	-ing	lov
-ing	<u>-111g</u>	-ley
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	means people	
••••••	-ley means clearing	

## Saxon Terms: 350AD - 1000AD

**Bourne**: Stream **Burn**: Stream

Burg: Large village

Croft: Small enclosure

Cot: Small hut

Delph: Ditch, dyke or stream

Den(n): Pig pasture

Eg; Ey; Ea; Eig: Island

Fall: Area cleared of trees

Fen: Fen

Field: Field

Ham: Village

Hurst: Clearing

Ing: People Lake: Lake

Ley; Lea: Clearing

Mere: Pool Moor: Moor

Moss: Swamp

Riding; Rod: Cleared land

Stead: place

Stoc: Summer pasture

Stoke: 'Daughter' settlement

Stow: Holy Place

Ton; Tun: House; Farm

Weald; Wold; High Woodland

Wic; Wike: Farm; Group of huts

Wood: Wood

Worth: Fenced land

Worthy: Enclosed land