## Subtraction

Again, as we head towards the formal written method, we look at an 'expanded' form of subtraction and use tens and ones materials to help the children to complete the task physically. They are encouraged to draw the tens and ones so they have a representation to support the move form concrete to abstract.

Step 1: the numbers in the top row are always bigger than the numbers in the bottom row. Start with the ones.

$$
479-153=
$$

| 479 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 153 | 400 | 70 | 9 |
|  | 100 | 50 | 3 |
|  | 300 | 20 | 6 |


| -530 | -500 | 30 | 9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 238 | 200 | 30 | 8 |

Step 2: moving a ten from the tens column to the ones column

$$
476-129=
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6 \\
4 \not 716 \\
- \\
-129 \\
\hline 347
\end{array}
$$

|  | 60 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 400 | 7016 | we cannot subtract the ones |
| - 100 | $20 \quad 9$ | (without using negative numbers) |
| 300 | 407 | so we partition the 70 into $60+10$ and exchange the 10 for 10 ones. These then move $t$ the ones column. |

